

**PARTICULAR TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION FOR ALUMINIUM
CONDUCTOR CARBON FIBER REINFORCED (ACFR)**

1. SCOPE

This specification is for aluminium conductor carbon fiber reinforced (ACFR), (low sag) conductors for use on 132KV Overhead transmission line at 50 Hz.

- 1.1. The conductor is for use in highly saline and humid coastal environment.
- 1.2. The conductor shall meet climatic condition for the 11kV overhead line across the strait to supply Manda Island from the mainland as given in the issued tender document.
- 1.3. The conductor shall be used on overhead power transmission system with nominal voltage of 132kv and highest system voltage of 145kv
- 1.4. This specification covers the following conductor size:
 - a) **175mm² Aluminium Conductor with Carbon Fiber Core, referred to as Aluminum conductor carbon fiber reinforced (ACFR).**
- 1.5. The specification also covers inspection and test of the conductors as well as schedule of Guaranteed Technical schedules to be filled, signed and submitted for tender evaluation.
- 1.6. The specification stipulates the minimum requirements for Specification for ACFR Overhead Conductors acceptable for use in the corporation and it shall be the responsibility of the Manufacturer to ensure adequacy of design, good workmanship and good engineering practice in the manufacture of the conductors for REREC/KPLC.

The specification does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract.

2. REFERENCES

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text constitute provisions of this specification. Unless otherwise stated, the latest editions (including amendments) apply and shall be complied with by the manufacturer/ supplier.

| | |
|------------|--|
| ISO 10119: | Carbon fibres – Determination of densities |
| IEEE 738: | Standard specification for Calculating the Current-Temperature of Bare Overhead Conductors |
| ABS 5354: | Carbon fibre reinforced bismaleimide pre-pregation - Fabric / |

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Medium toughness BMI -Structural Materials - Material
Specification

ASTM B857: Standard specification for Shaped Wire Compact Concentric-Lay-
Stranded Aluminium Conductors, Coated Steel Supported
(ACSS/TW)

ASTM B609: Standard specification for Aluminium 1350 round wire annealed
and Intermediate Temper for Electrical Purposes.

3. TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this specification, the definitions given in the reference standards shall apply.

4. REQUIREMENTS

4.1. SERVICE CONDITIONS

The conductors shall be suitable for continuous outdoor operation in tropical areas at altitudes of up to 2200m above sea level, humidity of up to 100%, average ambient temperature of +34°C with a minimum of -1°C and a maximum of +40°C heavy saline conditions along the coast and Isokeraunic levels of up to 180 thunderstorm days per year.

4.2. MATERIALS

4.2.1. Hard aluminium alloy wires of resistant up to 150°C shall be used in the construction of the conductor. They shall also be 1350 "0" temper TW aluminium strand wires as per ASTM B609.

4.2.2. The carbon fiber composite cable used in the construction of the conductor core shall be of medium toughness bismaleimide (BMI) resin reinforced with five-harness (5H) satin standard modulus carbon fiber fabric as per ISO 10119 and ABS 5354 standards.

4.2.3. The carbon fiber core shall be formed through a pultrusion (uni-directional) process whereby all the fibers (carbon and fiberglass) shall run parallel so as to offer the required tensile strength suitable for overhead conductors used for long span distances over highways, rivers and between mountain peaks.

4.3. CONSTRUCTION

4.3.1. The overall conductor shall be manufactured as per ASTM B857 standard. It shall be a hybrid carbon and a glass fiber core wrapped with a trapezoidal shaped aluminium strands.

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- 4.3.2. The core shall be of high strength and shall carry most of the mechanical load, with the fully annealed aluminium strands carrying all of the conductor's electrical current.
- 4.3.3. The conductor shall be concentrically stranded, with successive layers in opposite lay, but such that the outermost layer shall be in the right hand spiral (Z).
- 4.3.4. The lay ratio for the outer layer of aluminum wires shall have a minimum value of 10 and a maximum value of 13 with the preferred outer layer of 172mm. The inner layer of aluminum wires shall have a minimum value of 10 and a maximum value of 16 lay ratio.
- 4.3.5. The wires in each layer shall be evenly and closely stranded. The complete conductor and its layers shall be firm and solid.
- 4.3.6. It shall be demonstrated during factory inspection/tests that good design and workmanship has been exercised in the manufacture of the complete conductor and that caging problems shall not arise during stringing.
- 4.3.7. The completed conductor shall be free from dirt, grit, excessive amounts of drawing oil and other foreign deposits.
- 4.3.8. The general shape and layout of the conductor shall be as shown in Fig. 01.

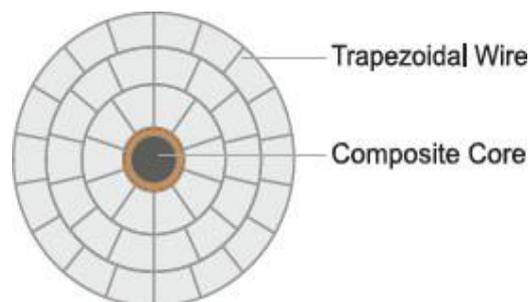


Fig. 01: Concentric Lay Stranded Trapezoidal Conductor.

4.4. Conductor sizes and characteristics

- 4.4.1. The sizes for the aluminum and carbon fiber core used in the construction of the conductors and their sizes shall be as shown in Table 1:

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Table 1: Technical data for the conductor as per ASTM B857 and ASTM B609

| Properties | | Ratings |
|--|--|-------------------------|
| Total Cross section of Area (mm ²) | | 175 |
| Continuous current capacity | | 464 |
| Calculated maximum current at 120 ^o C | | 644 |
| Conductor Diameter (mm) | | 18.2 |
| Core Diameter (mm) | | 7.8 |
| No. of aluminium layers | | 2 |
| Mass per unit length of conductor, kg/km | | 502 |
| Mass per unit length of core, kg/km | | 61 |
| Stranding configuration | No. & diameter of core , mm | 1 x 7.8 |
| | No. of Aluminium Layers, | 2 |
| | No. & diameter of Aluminium, mm | 30/2.6 |
| Coefficient of thermal expansion | Above thermal knee point, / ^o C | 1.1 x 10 ⁻⁶ |
| | Below thermal knee point, / ^o C | 15.5 x 10 ⁻⁶ |
| Modulus of elasticity (N/mm ²) | Transitional temperature or under | 76,000 |
| | Above transitional temperature | 137,000 |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength, KN* | | 68.9 |
| DC Resistance at 20 ^o C, Ω/km. | | 0.182 |
| Continuous operating temperature (^o C) | | 90 |
| Short time temperature (^o C) | | 120 |

4.4.2. Variation in diameter shall not exceed ±1.5% for aluminium wires and ±2% of core material.

5. TESTS AND INSPECTION

- 5.1. The conductors shall be inspected and tested in accordance with the requirement of ASTM B857, ASTM B609, ISO 10119, IEEE 738 and ABS 5354 standards and this specification. It shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer to perform or to have performed all the tests specified and whatever other tests he normally performs at works.

- 5.2. Copies of previous Type Tests Reports issued by a third party testing laboratory that is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 shall be submitted with the tender for the purpose of technical evaluation. The accreditation certificate to ISO/IEC 17025 for the same third party testing laboratory used shall also be submitted with the tender document (all in English Language)

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5.3. Copies of type test reports for the conductor to be submitted with the tender (by bidder) for evaluation shall be as stated in table 2:

Table 2: Type tests

| Mechanical Conductor Testing: | Core Testing: | Electrical Conductor Testing: |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Stress Strain Testing | Tensile Testing | Resistivity Testing |
| Creep Testing | Flexural, Bending & Shear Tests | Power Loss Comparison Testing |
| Aeolian Vibration Testing | Sustained Load Tests | Ampacity |
| Galloping Tests | Impact and Crush Testing | EMF Measurements |
| Self-Damping Tests | Torsion Testing | Impedance Comparison Testing |
| Radial Impact and Crush Tests | Moisture Resistance Testing | Corona Testing |
| Turning Angle Tests | Long Term Thermal Testing | Radio Noise Testing |
| Torsion Tests | Sustained Load Thermal Testing | Short Circuit Testing |
| High Temperature Sag Tests | Cyclic Thermal Testing | Lightning Strike Testing |
| High Temperature Sustained Load | Specific Heat Capacity Testing | Ultra-High Voltage AC & DC Testing |
| High Temp. Cyclic Load Tests | High Temp. Short Duration | |
| Cyclic Ice Load Tests | High Temperature Core Testing | |
| Sheave Wheel Tests | Thermal Oxidation Testing | |
| Ultimate Strength Tests | Brittle Fracture Testing | |
| Cyclic Thermo-Mechanical Testing | UV Testing | |
| Combined Cyclic Load Testing | Salt Fog Exposure Tests | |
| Conductor Comparison Testing | Creep Tests | |
| | Stress Strain Testing | |
| | Low & High Temp. Shear Testing | |

5.4 The following tests shall be done at the manufacturer's works in the presence of KPLC Engineers (2) and in accordance with ASTM B857, ASTM B609, ISO 10119, IEEE 738 and ABS 5354 standards and this specification as in Table 3.

Table 3: Routine tests

| Mechanical Conductor Testing: | Core Testing: | Electrical Conductor Testing: |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Stress Strain Testing | Tensile Testing | Resistivity Testing |
| Creep Testing | Flexural, Bending & Shear Tests | Power Loss Comparison Testing |
| Radial Impact and Crush Tests | Sustained Load Tests | Ampacity testing |
| Turning Angle Tests | Impact and Crush Testing | EMF Measurements |
| Torsion Tests | Torsion Testing | Impedance Comparison Testing |
| Sheave Wheel Tests | Thermal Oxidation Testing | |
| Ultimate Strength Tests | Brittle Fracture Testing | |
| Conductor Comparison Testing | Creep Tests | |
| Lay ratio test | Stress Strain Testing | |
| Dimensional checks | Dimensional checks | |
| Wrapping tests | | |

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5.5 Workmanship:

5.5.1 The Manufacturer shall demonstrate during factory inspection/tests that the complete conductor is of good workmanship and that caging problems shall not arise during stringing.

6 MARKING, LABELLING AND PACKING

6.1 The actual length of conductor on a drum shall not be less than the length indicated on the drum and the minimum single length per drum shall be 2000m.

Guaranteed Technical Schedules to be filled, signed and submitted together with bid for tender evaluation

| | Description | Kplc Requirement | Guaranteed Values |
|----|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Manufacturer and country of origin | | |
| 2 | Applicable Standards | | |
| 3 | Type and Size | | |
| 4 | Service Conditions | | |
| 5 | Materials | Aluminium | |
| | | Core material | |
| | No. of aluminum layers | | |
| 6 | Total Cross section of Area (mm ²) | | |
| 7 | Conductor Diameter (mm) | | |
| 8 | Core Diameter (mm) | | |
| 9 | Mass per unit length of conductor, kg/km | | |
| 10 | Mass per unit length of aluminum, kg/km | | |
| 11 | Mass per unit length of core, kg/km | | |
| 12 | Stranding configuration | Specify | |
| | | Specify | |
| 13 | Trapezoidal wires | Specify | |
| | | Specify | |
| 14 | Coefficient of thermal expansion | Above thermal knee point, /°C | |
| | | Below thermal knee point, /°C | |
| 15 | Modulus of elasticity | Transitional temperature or under | |
| | | Above transitional temperature | |
| 16 | Ultimate Tensile Strength, kN* | | |
| 17 | DC Resistance at 20°C, Ω/km. | | |
| 18 | Rated Breaking Load, kN | | |
| 19 | Continuous operating temperature at rated current | | |
| 20 | Short time temperature at maximum current | | |
| 21 | Continuous current capacity | | |
| 22 | Maximum current at 120°C | | |